

KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; STOYANOVSKAYA, T.N.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Reactions of hydrogenation and electrohydrogenation of some
organic substances on a ruthenium electrode-catalyst. Zhur.
fiz. khim. 38 no.2 434-438 F '64. (MIRA 1713)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova.

KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; TSINTSEVICH, V.M.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Catalytic hydrogenation and electrolytic hydrogenation of
butynediol and its homologs. Zhur. fiz. khim. 38 no.2:496-500
(MIRA 17:8)
F '64.

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova.

L 257/97-66 EWP(k)/EWT(m)/EWP(e)/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD

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44

B

AUTHOR: Bogdanovskiy, G. A.; Khomchenko, G. P.; Vovchenko, G. D.

ORG: Moscow State University im. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Charging curves of metal powders

SOURCE: Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, v. 39, no. 6, 1965, 1408-1412

TOPIC TAGS: metal powder, rhodium, ruthenium, hydrogen

ABSTRACT: A method is proposed for plotting the charge curves for metal powders, called the direct contact method. The values of the true surfaces of metal powders, calculated according to the hydrogen region of the charge curves plotted by the direct contact method, are in excellent agreement with values obtained by the BET method. It was established that the amount of electricity required to eliminate adsorbed hydrogen from 1 cm² surface of rhodium for ruthenium amounts to $28 \cdot 10^{-5}$ coulombs and is the characteristic value for metals of the platinum group. Orig. art. has: 7 figures. [1. PRS]

SUB CODE: 11 / SUBM DATE: 22Feb64 / ORIG RFF: 010 / OTH REF: 002

2

Card 1/1 C

UDC: 5.1.13

KUASNIKOVA, L.Ye.; KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Effect of the reaction products on the catalytic reduction of
crotonic and maleic acids on platinum. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser.
2:Khim. 20 no. 5:42-48-0 '65. (MTRR 18:12)

1. Kafedra obshchey khimii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo
universiteta. Submitted Dec. 31, 1964.

GRISHINA, T.M.; KHOCHENKO, G.P.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Adsorption of some organic substances on a rhodium electrode-catalyst. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 2: Khim. 20 no. 6:41-43 N-3 '65.
(MIFI A 19:1)

1. Kafedra obshchey khimii Moskovskogo universitata. Submitted
Feb. 15, 1965.

BOGDANOVSKIY, G.A.; KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Charge curves of powdered metals. Zhur. fiz. khim. 39
no.6:1408-1412 Je '65. (MIRA 10:11)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova.
Submitted Feb. 22, 1964.

TSINTSEVICH, V.M.; KOMCHENKO, G.P.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Electrochemical reduction of butyne-1,4-diol on a platinum electrode-
catalyst. Elektrokhimiia 1 no.8:928-932 Ag '65. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M.V.Lomonosova.

СЕРГИАНДЖИЯН, Т.М., КИРИЛЛ НИКОЛАЕВИЧ, К.П. & ФЕОДОРЕНКО, Г.П.

Effect of arsenic and mercury on the course of catalytic and
photocatalytic reduction of substituted Verk. Meek. u. Ser. 24 Khid.
27) 2.2.486-64. Dnitz '65.

(MIRA 1810)

Т. Сергианджян и др. Исследование гидореакции
арсеном и ртутью.

GRISHINA, N.M.; KHOVOSHNEV, M.P.; YEVCHENKO, G.D.

Katalytic reformation of crude oil/gasoline on the basis
of the Kirov plant. 25/02. 20 Jan 62. Page 165.
(1134 18310)

L. Kafedra (Khmel' Kholodov) gosudarstvennye issledovaniya
verbalno.

PLENTOVSKINA, A.Z.; KROKHOMA, G.P.; VOYCELENKO, G.D.

Hydrogen adsorption on platinum at various temperatures. Vest. Nauk. tr. Ser. 2: Khim. 20 no. 3:59-61 No.-je 165. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Kafedra obshchey khimii Moskovskogo universiteta.

BOGDANOVSKIY, G.A.; KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Adsorptive capacity of some platinocides toward hydrogen at different pH values. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 2: Khim. 19 no. 4:35-38 Jl-Ag '64.
(MIRA 18:8)

1. Kafedra obshchey khimii Moskovskogo universiteta.

STOYANOVSKAYA, T.N.; KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Catalytic reduction in an adsorption hydrogen layer of some organic
compounds on a ruthenium electrode-catalyst. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser.
2; 56-59 Mr-Ap '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Kaferad obshchey khimii Moskovskogo universiteta.

KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; UL'KO, N.G.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Charging curves of an osmium electrode-catalyst. Part 1. Elektrokhimiia
1 no.6;659-663 Je '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova.

STOYANOVSKAYA, T.N.; KHONCHENKO, G.P.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Electroreduction of some organic substances on a rutile-coated
electrode-catalyst. Vest.Mosk.univ.ser.2;Khim. 20 no.3:64-66
Mg-Je '65. (MIRA 18:8)

3. Kafedra obshchey khimii Minskogo universiteta.

TSINTSEVICH, V.M.; KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; VOVCHENKO, O.D.

Adsorptive capacity and the interaction of butynediol and its
homologs with the electrode-catalyst. Zhur. fiz. khim. 38
no.9:2305-2309 S '64. (MJRA 17:12)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova.

STOYANOVSKAYA, T.N.; KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; PLETYUSHKINA, A.I.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Determination of the true surface of a ruthenium electrode-catalyst.
Vest.Mosk.un. Ser.2:Khim. 18 no.6:50-51 N-D '63. (MIKA 17:4)

1. Kafedra obshchey khimii Moskovskogo universitata.

GRISHINA, T.M.; KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; VOVCHENKO, G.D.

Mechanism of electroreduction of some organic substances on
rhodium. Part 4. Vest.Mosk.un. Ser.2:Khim. 18 no.6:52-54
N-D '63. (MIR) 17:4)

1. Kafedra obshchey khimii Moskovskogo universiteta.

GRISHINA, T.M.; KHOMCHENKO, G.P.; YOVCHENKO, G.D.

Comparison of the rates of the catalytic reduction and electrolytic reduction of some organic substances on rhodium. Part 3. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 2: Khim. 18 no. 4:55-58 Jl-Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Kafedra obshchey khimii Meskovskogo universiteta.
(Catalysis) (Reduction, Electrolytic)
(Electrodes, Rhodium)

VOVCHENKO, G.I.

Excursion to a water pumping station. Fiz.v shkole 15 no.3:
60-63 My-Je '55. (MLRA 8:6)

1. 10-ya. shkola (g.Berdsk Novosibirskoy oblasti)
(Water-supply engineering)

VOVCHENKO G. V.

VOVCHENKO, G.V., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk

Projecting the acetabulum and of the femoral head on the surface
of the human body. Ortop.travm.protes., Moskva no.1:89-90 Ja-
'55. (MLRA 8:10)

1. Iz ortopedicheskoy kliniki (zav.-prof. T.M. Stepanov) i kafedry
fakul'tetskoy khirurgii (zav.-prof. T. Ye. Gnilyarov) Dnepro-
petrovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(ACETABULUM,
determination on surface of human body)

(RIBS,
determ. of costal head on surface of human body)

VOVCHENKO, I., TURCHAK, M.

Machine-Tractor Stations

At the "Shevchenko" Mts. MTS 12 no. 3, 1952

1952
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August 1952
~~1953~~ Unclassified.

1. VOVCHENKO, I
2. USSR (600)
4. Agriculture
7. Strengthening communal economy on the "17th Party Congress" Collective Farm.
Dost. sel'khoz. no. 6, 1952
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January, 1953. Unclassified.

VOVCHENKO, Ivan Antonovich; VELICHKIN, Ye.A., inzh., red.; BOBROVA,
Ye.N., tekhn.red.

[Repair of track and building machinery] Remont putevykh i
stroitel'nykh mashin. Moskva, Gos.transp.zhel-dor.izd-vo, 1959.
370 p. (MIRA 13:7)

(Building machinery--Maintenance and repair)
(Railroads--Track)

VOVCHENKO, I.A.; IVANOV, V.A.; MIN'KO, Ye.M., starshiy inzh.

Vibration sinking of pile foundations in the electrification of
railroads. Transp. stroy. 11 no.10:19-21 O '61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Glavnnyy mekhanik Glavnogo upravleniya zheleznodorozhного
stroitel'stva (for Vovchenko). 2. Nachal'nik tresta Yuzhtransstroy
(for Ivanov).
(Piling (Civil engineering)) (Railroads--Electrification)

VOVCHENKO, I. A.; ZAYTSEV, Ye. I.

Stamping bottoms using a blasting method. Transp. stroi. 13
no. 4:64 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Glavnyy mekhanik Glavnogo upravleniya zheleznodorozhnogo
stroitel'stva Povolzh'ya i Yuga (for Vovchenko). 2. Glavnyy
inzhener Krasnodarskogo remontno-mekhanicheskogo zavoda (for
Zaytsev).

(Water heaters) (Explosives in sheet-metal work)

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

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VOVCHENKO, I.I.

Steadiness of certain cases of the motion of solid bodies with
one fixed point for a finite time interval. Trudy KAI no. 68:
3-10 '62. (MIRA 16:10)

BR

ACCESSION NR: AT4025520

S/2529/62/000/068/0003/0010

AUTHOR: Vovchenko, I. I.

TITLE: The stability of certain cases of the motion of rigid bodies with one fixed point in a finite time interval

SOURCE: Kazan. Aviationsnyy Institut. Trudy, no. 68, 1962. Matematika i mehanika (Mathematics and mechanics), 3-10

TOPIC TAGS: Lyapunov stability, Lyapunov theory, stability theory, motion stability, rotational motion, gyroscope, force-field, rigid-body

ABSTRACT: The unconditional Lyapunov stability of the uniform rotation around a vertical axis is investigated for a heavy gyroscope with a fixed bearing and with a center of inertia located on the axis of rotation. The mass of the gyroscope may be constant or may be variable. The gyroscope is located either in a parallel force field or in a Newtonian force field. These various cases are considered separately. Orig. art. has 21 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Aviationsnyy Institut, Kazan (Kazan Aviation Institute)

Card: 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AT4025520

SUBMITTED: 22Sep61

DATE ACQ: 17Apr64

ENCL: 00

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NO REF SOV: 009

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

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S/124/62/000/011/002/017
D234/D308

AUTHOR: Vovchenko, I. I.

TITLE: Stability of some cases of motion of bodies having variable mass with one fixed point

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, no. 11, 1962, 14, abstract 11A100 (Tr. Kazansk. aviat. in-ta, 1960, no. 61, 29-46)

TEXT: The author considers a heavy body whose mass varies according to a determined law, rotating about a fixed point. It is assumed that the body is subject to moments of gravitational forces, of Meshcherskiy's forces, of inertial forces of ejected mass particles and of Coriolis forces of these particles. Conditions of stability of motion of the body are sought. In solving the problem, only the moment of gravitational forces is taken into account and other moments are assumed to be equal to zero. The problem is solved by Lyapunov's second method. Lyapunov's function is a bundle of first integrals of the limiting system of equations obtained from the

Card 1/2

Stability of some ...

S/124/62/000/011/002/01,
D234/D308

initial system by assuming the mass of the body to be constant. The author considers the cases when the center of inertia of the body coincides or does not coincide with the fixed point. In the second part of the paper the same problem is considered assuming that the body is in a Newton's force field. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

S/124/63/000/002/001/052
D234/D308

AUTHOR:

Vovchenko, I.I.

TITLE:

Stability of some cases of motion of solid bodies
with one fixed point in a finite time interval

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, no. 2, 1963, 11,
abstract 2482 (Tr. Kazansk. aviat. in-ta. no. 68,
1962, 3-10)

TEXT:
The author studies the stability of some heavy gyro-
scopes of constant and variable mass, rotating uniformly about a
vertical axis, in a finite time interval; also of gyroscopes in a
Newtonian force field. With the aid of V functions of a special
kind he obtained sufficient conditions of stability in certain time
intervals.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

VOVCHENKO, I.T.

Results of water resources development in 1962 and forthcoming tasks.
Gidr. i mel. 14:3-9 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:2)
(Water resources development)

VOVCHENKO, I.T.

For effective use of funds in irrigation construction.
Gidr. i mel. 17 no.7:1-5 Jl '65. (DRA 18:12)

1. Gosplan SSSR.

30(1)

SOV/99-59-2-2/12

AUTHOR: Vovchenko, I.T.TITLE: Water Economy Construction During the Seven-Year
Period 1959 - 1965 (Vodokhozyaystvennoye stroitel'-
stvo v semiletii 1959 - 1965 gg.)PERIODICAL: Gidrotekhnika i melioratsiya, 1959, Nr 2, pp 7-13
(USSR)ABSTRACT: The article gives data on irrigation and drainage
projects to be completed in the USSR by 1965. By
that time, Soviet agriculture is scheduled to produce
10 to 11 billion puds of grain and 5,7 to 6,100,000
tons of cotton (35-40% above the 1958 cotton figure).
The estimate of the additional acreage to be created
by 1965 follows: 1) 1,900,000 hectares of new arable
land will be gained through irrigation; 2) 3,600,000
hectares will undergo irrigation; 3) some 78,000,000
hectares of pasture in the arid and nearly-arid areas
will be watered. The breakdown: RSFSR-over 300,000

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SOV/99-59-2-2/12

Water Economy Construction During the Seven-Year Period 1959-1965

hectares of new lands will be gained through irrigation, 5,000,000 hectares of pastures will be watered, and over 1,000,000 hectares will be drained; UkrSSR-200,000 hectares are to be drained and 150,000 hectares are to be irrigated; Belorussian SSR-over 600,000 hectares of swampy grounds are scheduled for draining in the Polesskiy and other districts; Uzbek SSR-600 to 700,000 hectares of arable land already in existence are to be ameliorated, 500,000 hectares of new lands are to be gained through irrigation, 5,000,000 hectares of pasture are to be watered, and the irrigation system of 250 to 300,000 hectares of sovkhoz lands is to be remodeled; Kazakh SSR-55,000,000 hectares of pasture are to be watered, the ameliorative state of some 120,000 hectares is to be improved, and some 200,000 hectares of new arable land is to be gained through irrigation; Georgian SSR-35,000 hectares of new arable land are to be gained through irrigation and 20,000 hectares through drainage; Azerbaydzhani SSR-185,000 hectares

Card 2/3

SOV/99-59-2-2/12

Water Economy Construction During the Seven-Year Period 1959-1965

are to be gained through irrigation and 670,000 hectares of pasture are to be watered; Lithuanian SSR-over 800,000 hectares of arable land will be gained through drainage; Moldavian SSR- 40,000 hectares of new arable land will be gained through irrigation; Latvian SSR-over 600,000 hectares are scheduled for drainage; Kirgiz SSR-900,000 hectares of pasture will be watered and 100 to 110,000 hectares of arable land will be gained through irrigation; Tadzhik SSR-150,000 hectares of arable land will be gained through irrigation and 1,500,000 hectares of pastures will be watered; Armenian SSR-37,000 hectares of arable land will be gained through irrigation; Turkmen SSR-155,000 hectares of new arable land will be gained through irrigation and 10,000,000 hectares of pasture will be watered; Estonian SSR-230,000 hectares of swampy grounds are to be drained.

Card 3/3

VOVCHENKO, I.V.

Barley

Winter barley in Odessa Province. Sel. i sem., 19, No. 7, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, October 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110010-2

VOVCHENKO, Ivan Vsevolodovich, kand. sel'khoz. nauk, zasl. agronom
USSR; LELYAKOVA, I., red.; MOLCHANOV, T., tekhn. red.

[Winter wheat in the southern Ukraine] Ozimaya pshenitsa na
suge Ukrayny. Odessa, Odesskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 234 p.
(MIRA 15:7)

(Ukraine---Wheat)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110010-2"

VOVCHENKO, Ivan Vasylodovich, kand. sel'khoz. nauk zasl. agronom
URSR; VINYNTSKIY, S. [Vinnyts'kyi, S.], red.; MOLCHANOVА, T.,
tekhn. red.

[More fertilizers, more corn] Bil'she dobryv - bil'she kukurudzy. Odessa, Odess'ke knyzhkove vyd-vo, 1959. 25 p.
(MIRA 15:7)

1. Direktor Odesskoy gosudarstvennoy sel'skokhozyaystvennoy
opytnoy stantsii (for Vovchenko).
(Ukraine—Corn (Maize)—Fertilizers and manures)

VOVCHENKO, Ivan Vsevolodovich, kand. sel'skokh. наук; VERBIN, Ya. Ya. [Verbin, Ya. Ya.], prof., red.; POLOTAY, A. M. [Polotai, A. M.], red.

[Most important cultivation practices in growing winter wheat]
Naivazhlyvishi agrotekhnichni pryiomu vyroshchuvannia ozymoi pshenycsi. Kyiv, 1958. 31 p. (Tovarystvo dlia poshyreninim politychnykh i naukovykh znan' Ukrains'koї RSR. Ser. 3, no. 9)
(Wheat) (MIRA 12:2)

BLAZHEVSKIY, Ye.V., dvazhdy Geroy Sotsialisticheskogo Truda; VOVCHENKO,
I.V., kand. sel'khoz. nauk., zasl. agronom Ukr.SSR; VOROB'YOV,
N.Ie., st. nauchn. sotr.; GESHELE, E.E., doktor biol. nauk.,
prof.; ZUBRITSKIY, A.A., agronom; KISEL'GOF, Z.S., inzh.,
zasl. mekhanizator sel'skogo khoz. Ukr.SSR; KLYUCHKO, P.F.,
kand. sel'khoz. nauk; KORCHAGIN, A.Ye.; LEBEDEV, Ye.M., st.
nauchn. sotr.; NASYPAYKO, V.M., kand. sel'khoz.nauk; PIKUS,
G.P., kand. sel'khoz.nauk; REKACH, V.N., doktor sel'khoz.
nauk, prof.; SPIVAK, I.I., zootehnik; TEMCHENKO, L.V., kand.
sel'khoz. nauk; FEDULAYEV, A.A., agronom; YAKOVENKO, V.A.,
kand. tekhn.nauk; KITAYEV, I.A., kand. sel'khoz. nauk, red.;
MUSIYKO, A.S., akademik, red.; VINITSKIY, S.P., red.;
MOLCHANOV, T.N., tekhn. red.

[For high corn yields] Za bol'shuiu kukuruzu. [By] E.V.
Blazhevskii i dr. Odesskoe knishnoe izd-vo, 1962.
(MIRA 16:7)

173 p.

1. Zven'yevoy kolkhoza im. Gor'kogo Kotovskogo rayona na
Odesshchine (for Blazhevskiy). 2. Glavnnyy agronom sovkhoza
"Bessarabskiy" (for Korchagin). 3. Ukrainskaya akademiya
sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk (for Musiyko).
(Ukraine--Corn (Maize))

VOVCHENKO, L. I.

Vovchenko, L. I.

"The network of mass libraries in the Ukrainian SSR in the postwar period (1945-1954). Problems of the location and planning of the network of mass libraries in rural localities." Moscow State Library Inst imeni V. M. Molotov. Moscow, 1956. {Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Pedagogical Science}

So: Knizhnaya letopis', No. 25, 1956

BUKHIN, V.Ye.; VOVCHENKO, L.I.; PERCHENOK, R.I.; PROFERANOV, V.P.;
KNAPP, E.K., red.; ALTUF'YEVA, A.M., red.izd-va; VOLKOV,
S.V., tekhn.red.

[Gas equipment, apparatus, instruments, and fittings for an
urban gas system; catalog] Gazovoe oborudovanie, apparatura,
pribory, armatura dlia gorodskogo gazovogo khoziaistva; katalog.
Moskva, Izd-vo M-va kommun.khoz.RSFSR, 1959. 289 p. (MIRA 13:2)

(Gas appliances)

(Gas manufacture and works--Equipment and supplies)

VOVCHENKO, N.

Obtaining 101 centners of meat per 100 hectares. Nauka i perevod, op.
v nel'khoz. 18 no.2:16-17 F '58. (MIR. 11:3)
(Stock and stockbreeding)

VOVCHENKO, N.

Knigi po botanike. (Annotirovannyi spisok dlja uchashchikhsia 5-kh i 6-kh klassov.)
(Books on botany (An annotated list for students of the 5th and 6th grades)).
Moskva, Detgiz, 1952. 24 p.

SO: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Vol. 7, No. 6, Sep. 1954

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110010-2

VOVCHENKO, N.A., inzhener.

Heating concrete with water condensate. Stroi.prom.33 no.9:6-7
(Concrete) (MLRA 9:1)
S '55.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110010-2"

VOVCHENKO, N.L.

Proposed planning for developing bases of the construction
industry in the Tatar A.S.S.R. Prom.stroi. 37 no.12:4-6
D '59. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Zamesti el' predsedatelya Tatarskogo sovnarkhoza.
(Tatar A.S.S.R.--Building materials industry)

VOVCHENKO, N.L.

Tasks of pipeline installers in the sixth five-year plan. Stroi.pred.
neft.prom.l no.2:1-2 Ap '56. (MERA 9:9)

1.Zamestitel' ministra stroitel'stva predpriyatiii neftyaney promyslennosti.
(Petroleum--Pipelines)

VOVCHENKO, N.L.

Conditions for the industrialization of construction in petroleum
and gas production in the Tatar A.S.S.R. and Bashkiria. Stroik.
truboprov. 10 no.1:15-18 Ja '65. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Nachal'nik Glavnogo upravleniya kapital'nogo stroitel'stva Soveta
narodnogo khozyaystva RSFSR.

VOVCHENKO, N.L.

Further specialization and cooperation in construction. Prav. stroi. 39 no.113-7 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Glavnoye upravleniye kapital'nogo stroitel'stva Vserossiyskogo Soveta Narodnogo Khozyaystva.
(Construction industry--Production methods)

VOVCHENKO, N.L.

Shorten the construction period for industrial complexes.
Prom. stroi. 39 no.7:2-4 '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Nachal'nik Glavnogo upravleniya kapital'nogo stroitel'stva
Vserossiyskogo Soveta Narodnogo Khozyaystva.
(Construction industry)

VOVCHENKO, N.L.; RETYUNIN, P.A.

Using casing-head gas as a refrigerant. Neft.khoz. 38 no.5:49-52
Mv '60. (MIA 13:8)

(Gas, Natural)
(Food industry)
(Refrigerators)

SOKOLOV, Georgiy Davydovich, inzh.; RETYUTIN, Pimen Andrianovich; VOVCHENKO,
Nikolay Lavrent'yevich; ISAYEVA, V.V., vedushchiy red.; VORONOVA, V.V.,
tekhn. red.

[Setting up oil fields; from the practice of Tatar oil workers] Obu-
stroistvo neftianykh promyslov; iz opyta neftianikov Tatarii. Mo-
skva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry,
1961. 128 p. (MIRA 14:9)

(Tatar A.S.S.R.—Oil fields—Production methods)

VOVCHENKO, Nikolay Vasil'yevich, Geroy Sotsialisticheskogo Truda;
MEKSIS, David Vladimirovich, agronom; KATSNEL'SON, S.M., red.;
SAVCHENKO, Ye.V., tekhn.red.

[Seven-year plan of the collective farm in operation] Semiletnii
plan kolkhoza v deistvii. Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie," 1960. 39 p.
(Vsesoiuznoe obshchestvo po rasprostraneniu politicheskikh i
nauchnykh znanii. Ser.5, Sel'skoe khozisistvo, no.1). (MIRA 13:2)

1. Predsedatel' kolkhoza imeni Stalina Shirokovskogo rayona Dnepro-
petrovskoy oblasti (for Vovchenko).
(Shirokoye District--Agriculture)

Vovchenko, N.YA.

P.3-4

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/3491

SOV/11-M-109

1(1)

Moscow. Aviationsionnyy institut imeni Sergo Ordzhonikidze

Aviationsionnoye priborostroyeniye i avtomatika; sbornik statey (Instrument Making
and Automatic Systems in Aviation; Collection of Articles) Moscow, Otorongiz,
1959. 147 p. (Series: Its Trudy, vyp. 109) Errata slip inserted.
5,200 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: USSR. Ministerstvo vyshego obrazovaniya.

Ed.: B. A. Ryabov, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor; Ed. of Publishing
House: N. A. Gortsuyeva; Tech. Ed.: L. A. Garnukhina; Managing Ed: A. S. Zaymov-
skaya, Engineer.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for scientific and technical personnel in the field
of instrument making and automation, and for students of technical schools of
higher education.

COVERAGE: The book is a collection of 10 articles describing certain aspects of
aircraft automatic control and regulation and aviation instrument making. The

Card 1/5

Instrument Making and Automatic (Cont.)

SOV/3491

articles consist of parts of the authors' dissertations or describe results of scientific research work of the Department of Aircraft Instruments and Automatic Systems of the Moscow Aviation Institute. References are given at the end of some articles.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

3

Preface

5

Pemykayev, I. I., Candidate of Technical Sciences. The Problem of Relative Motion

The author studies the kinematics of relative motion in complex systems and derives relationships between kinematic elements (velocity and acceleration) of the motion of a point with respect to each system. The problem is important in the construction of navigational systems.

Danilin, V. P., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Using Gyroscopes With Three Degrees of Freedom for Measurement of Angular Velocities

22

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Instrument Making and Automatic (Cont.)

SOV/3491

Danilin, V. P., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Diagrams of Biaxial Measuring Devices of Angular Velocities on the Basis of a Gyroscope With Three Degrees of Freedom 33

The author considers independent methods of fluid velocity measurement, compensation of temperature errors, and some other problems of aviation instrument production.

Vovchenko, N. Ya., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Dynamic Characteristics of Velocity Spiral Vane Flowmeters 43

The author discusses dynamic errors of flowmeters in measuring variable rate flows. Analytic formulas are established and experimental verification of coefficients is given.

Denisov, V. G., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Application of Similarity Theory and of Physical Modelling to the Investigation of Velocity Flowmeters for Liquids 58

The author presents an effective method for determining the basic characteristics of current-type flowmeters under various operating conditions. Results obtained by theoretical methods were checked experimentally.

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Instrument Making and Automatic (Cont.)

SOV/3491

Vovchenko, N. Ya., and A. P. Yurkevich, Candidates of Technical Sciences.

Analysis of Kinematic Temperature Compensation

70

The authors present a method of compensating for temperature errors in navigational instruments with linear and nonlinear characteristics of membrane deflections.

Yurkevich, A. P., Candidate of Technical Sciences ; and Engineer Yu. F.

Anan'yev. Methods of Measuring Velocity of an Airflow

79

The authors review Soviet and foreign literature on variable airflow measuring methods.

Vertinov, A. I., and S. R. Mizurin, Candidates of Technical Science.

Precise Regulation of D-C Motor Speed

94

The authors have developed a method of controlling synchronous rotation speeds of d-c motors which has a high stabilization accuracy.

Karogodin, V. M., Candidate of Technical Sciences. A Problem of Fighter Aircraft Dynamics

121

The author establishes and solves the differential equation of fighter aircraft motion, finds the law of this motion on the trajectory, computes loads acting on the fighter aircraft, and determines the method of its control.

Card 4/5

Instrument Making and Automatic (Cont.)

SOV/3491

Karagdin, V. M., Candidate of Technical Sciences. A Nonlinear Problem
in the Vibration Theory

138

The author considers a mechanical system with one degree of freedom.
He studies conservative systems with forces depending on coordinates
and velocities. Selfoscillating systems and conservative systems
with forces depending only on coordinates are not considered.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 5/5

AC/fal
4-6-60

SOV/144-59-5-7/14

AUTHOR: Vovchenko, N.Ya., Candidate of Technical Sciences, Docent

TITLE: Compensation for the Temperature Error of Elastic
Sensitive Elements in the Electrical Systems of Aircraft
Servos

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Elektro-
mekhanika, 1959, Nr 5, pp 53 - 58 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: With the increasing speed of modern aircraft the various elastic sensitive elements, such as aneroid pressure pick-ups which are used in control systems, encounter higher temperatures, reaching perhaps 150 - 200°C. This leads to temperature errors which amount typically to 1.0%. The existing methods of temperature compensation, based on the use of a bimetallic strip, are suitable only for temperatures of 50 - 70°C. It is now preferable to use electrical compensation in the bridge circuits associated with the pick-up. These bridges are usually of the self-balancing type, Figure 1, with the signal picked up as a

Card 1/2

SOV/144-59-5-7/14

Compensation for the Temperature Error of Elastic Sensitive Elements
in the Electrical Systems of Aircraft Servos

voltage, Figure 2, or as a current, Figure 3. The basic compensated voltage-divider is shown in Figure 4. If the pressure characteristic of the aneroid is as derived in Ref 1, the compensation condition is given by Eq (8) and the value of the supplementary resistance is calculated from Eq (9). There is a practical advantage in separating out a fixed part of the voltage-divider resistance R_{fix} and this is done in Eq (11). These expressions assume that the voltage-divider itself is free from error. If not Eq (12) must be used. The basic principles are equally applicable to capacitive and inductive pick-ups. There are 4 figures and 1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy aviationsionnyy institut (Moscow Aviation Institute)

SUBMITTED: March 28th, 1959.

Card 2/2

BEASLAVSKIY, D.A.; VOVCHENKO, N.Ya.; YURKEVICH, A.P.; DENISOV, V.G.;
RYABOV, N.A., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, red.; GRIGORASH, K.I.,
izdat.red.; OBUSHKINA, V.I., tekhn.red.

[Manual for designing aeronautical instruments] Posobie po
projektirovaniyu aviationskikh priborov. Pod red. B.A.Risbova.
Moskva, Gos.suchno-tekhn.izd-vo Oborongiz. No.1. [Electro-
mechanical instruments] Elektromekhanicheskie pribory. 1960.
(MIRA 13:7)
94 p.

1. Moscow. Aviationskiy institut imeni Sergo Ordzhonikidze.
(Aeronautical instruments)

VORCHENKO, N.YA.

Editor: Aviationary Institute and State Organization
Voronyi Research Aviationary priory's series "Aviation, Aircraft and
(problems in the Design of Aviation Instruments and Control Systems)"
Section of Article) Moscow, October, 1960, Leningrad, Tsv-TsNII.
777, 130). Printed, 3,650 copies printed.

Scientific Society: Scientific Committee of Aviaconspetsvozobrod
of the USSR.

Ed. (Chief prep.); B. A. Zubov, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor
Ed. (Chief book); V. M. Shabot, Tech. Ed., I. G. Ovchinnikov, Professor
Ed.; A. S. Zaporozhets, Engineer.

Purpose: This book is intended for engineers and technicians working in the
planning and design of avionic and control systems and can also be used by
students in the electro-technical departments of schools of higher technical

education.
Content: The book consists of articles containing results achieved by the
Department of Aeromatic Devices and Remote Measurements of the Moscow
Aviation Institute. Mainly publications on the development of aeronautical
devices and automatic equipment. The book covers the following topics:
the
of a transformer for an aircraft regulator and its testing system, the
problems of the dynamics of linear and nonlinear control system models,
maximum altitude, and the design of devices for measuring flight altitude
and the revolutions of engines. No personalities are mentioned. References
are found at the end of some articles.

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Korobov, N.I., Yu. F. Armanoff. On a Method of Modeling the Drive Radios of Electronic Instrumentation Control Systems	12
Orlov, E.A. Multichannel Optoelectronic Device for Transmitting Measurements From a Moving Object to a Recording Device	59
Pozharsky, L.I. Basic Electrooptical Methods of Measuring Flight Altitude Kharitonov, A.P., and P.P. Vinogradov. Polarization Mechanism With Adjustable Setting Angle	61
Zel'dovich, I.M. Radiation With Temperature Readings Corrections and Application	122
Tsvetkov, V.N. Generalization of Dynamic Errors of Measuring Devices Having a Nonlinear Electric Element	129
Frolov, N.S. On the Operation of Measurers in Power Systems	138
AVAILABILITY: Library or Congress	
ORD. 3/3	

AC/rd/rus
9-22-60

S/194/61/000/010/006/082
D256/D301

AUTHORS: Yurkevich, A.P. and Vovchenko, N.Ya.

TITLE: A magnetic-induction tachometer with adjustable sensitivity

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Avtomatika i radioelektronika,
no. 10, 1961, 21, abstract 10 Al68 (Tr. Mosk. aviat.
in-ta, 1960, no. 120, 111-121)

TEXT: The sensing element of the tachometer consists of frames with currents induced by rotation in a magnetic field. the counter-balancing of the created torque by means of a spring providing the possibility of measuring the corresponding rate of rotation with a higher accuracy of readings at a given working range. 11 figures. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation] ✓

Card 1/1

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/5650

Yurkevich, A. P., and N. Ya. Vovchenko

Raschet elektricheskikh izmeritel'nykh ustroystv i sistem s silovoy kompensatsiyey
(Calculation of Electrical Measuring Devices and Systems With Power Compensation)
Moscow, Oborongiz, 1961. 128 p. 10,100 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Ministerstvo vysshego i srednego spetsial'nogo obrazovaniya
RSFSR. Moskovskiy ordena Lenina aviationsionnyy institut imeni Sergo Ordzhonikidze.

Ed. (Title page): B.A. Ryabov, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor; Ed. of
Publishing House: K. I. Grigorash; Tech. Ed.: V.I. Oreshkina; Managing Ed.:
A.S. Zaynovskaya, Engineer.

PURPOSE: This book is intended as a teaching aid for students working on team or degree projects
in instrument-making and automation divisions or aviation schools of higher
education. Certain sections of the book may be of interest to industrial
technical personnel.

Card 1/4

Calculation of Electrical Measuring Devices (Cont.) SOV/5650

COVERAGE: The book discusses the computation of the static and dynamic characteristics of aviation instruments on the basis of their block diagrams. The designing of electrical measuring devices with conversion of current into moment and power and moment pickups used in electrical measuring systems with power compensation are considered. The necessary theoretical foundations of the formulas, examples of the sequence of operations in computing and designing instruments and pickups, and the structure of their basic units are given. No personalities are mentioned. There are 20 references, all Soviet.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Foreword	3
Ch. I. Computation of Basic Static and Dynamic Characteristics of Instruments Based on Their Block Diagrams	5
1. Standard block diagrams of the instruments	5
2. Static characteristics of measuring devices	6
3. Dynamic characteristics of measuring devices	22
4. Computing the dynamic characteristics of elementary standard components	34
5. Dynamic characteristics of a measuring system with relay-type power compensation	53

Card 2/4

40844

16/2/21
AUTHOR:
TITLE:
SOURCE:

Vovchenko, N. Ya., Candidate of Technical Sciences

S/535/62/000/147/010/010
1011/1211

On the elimination of temperature errors in measuring circuits with force compensation
Moscow. Aviatzionnyy institut. Trudy, no. 147. 1962. Navigatsionny i girokopechiskiye
ustroystva. 108-116

TEXT: In existing systems with high forward gains the system errors are caused by the errors of the feedback elements. These elements, when they are of the magneto-electric force or torque transducer type, have their errors caused mainly by temperature changes, in the order of magnitude of 0.03% per 1°C . The relation between the output and input signals of the feedback path is expanded into a series with the retention of the first two members for the case of a linear temperature dependence of the parameters. It is then shown that there are two ways of eliminating the temperature errors: (1) the feedback path parameters are so chosen that their errors mutually compensate each other; (2) each of the temperature coefficients is decreased to its minimum possible value.

In the case of measuring circuits with force compensation there is usually one feedback section—the torque or force transducer. Its errors are caused by temperature changes in the air-gap magnetic induction and the geometric measurements of the mechanical parts.

It is shown that mutual compensation of the errors is impossible because some of them are smaller by an order of magnitude than the others. Compensators are therefore added to the feedback section. They cause an additional temperature change that compensates the original one. Two types of compensators are described.

Card 1/2

On the elimination of...

S/535/62/000/147/010/010
1011/1211

The first one comprises a manganin (zero temperature coefficient) resistor in series with the transducer coil and a nickel (high positive temperature coefficient) resistor as a shunt to this series connection. This is therefore an electric compensator which suitably changes the current in the coil. An equation for the value of the shunt resistor as a function of the different temperature coefficients and the values of the other two resistors is derived.

The second one, the thermo-magnetic shunt, is based on the property of some magnetic materials of sharply changing their magnetic characteristics with changes in the temperature. This compensator suitably changes the air-gap magnetic induction. Some construction hints are given. These shunts are made of materials with low Curie points such as kalmalloy, thermalloy, iron-nickel-chrome and iron-nickel-silicon. In equivalent electric circuit is shown and an equation for the shunt magnetic resistance is derived. In the general case when the forward gain is not big enough the error is given by

$$\delta_s = k_s \left(\delta_I/\delta_{II} - \delta_{II}k_{II} \right),$$

where δ_s , δ_I , δ_{II} are the errors of the system, the forward and the feedback paths respectively; k_s , k_{II} are the gains of the system and the feedback respectively. There are 7 figures.

Card 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110010-2

VOVCHENKO, N. Ya., inzh.

Structural analysis of static errors of power-compensated
devices. Priborostroenie no. 10:11-12 0 ' 65
(MIRA 19:1)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110010-2"

L 14947-66 EWT(d)/EWT(l)/EWT(m) BC/JD
ACC NR: AT5020336

SOURCE CODE: UR/2535/65/000/161/0076/0065

AUTHOR: Vovchenko, N. Ya. (Candidate of technical sciences)

ORG: Moscow Aviation Institute (Aviatsionnyy institut)

TITLE: Designing an inertial navigation system 944,55

SOURCE: Moscow. Aviatsionnyy institut. Trudy, no. 361, 1965, Sistemy orientatsii i navedeniya letatel'nykh apparatov (Aircraft orientation and guidance systems); sbornik statey, 76-65

TOPIC TAGS: acceleration, inertial navigation, equipment, Coriolis force, gyrostabilized platform, space accelerometer

ABSTRACT: A geometric inertial navigation system (see fig. 1) with a gyrostabilized platform oriented in the horizontal plane is described. Equations of dynamics, introduced in an earlier work by V. A. Karakashev, are made more precise and an evaluation of the methodical errors arising from translational and Coriolis accelerations is presented. Numerical calculations indicate that these method cal errors are considerable but can be compensated for by the accurate measurement of the sys-

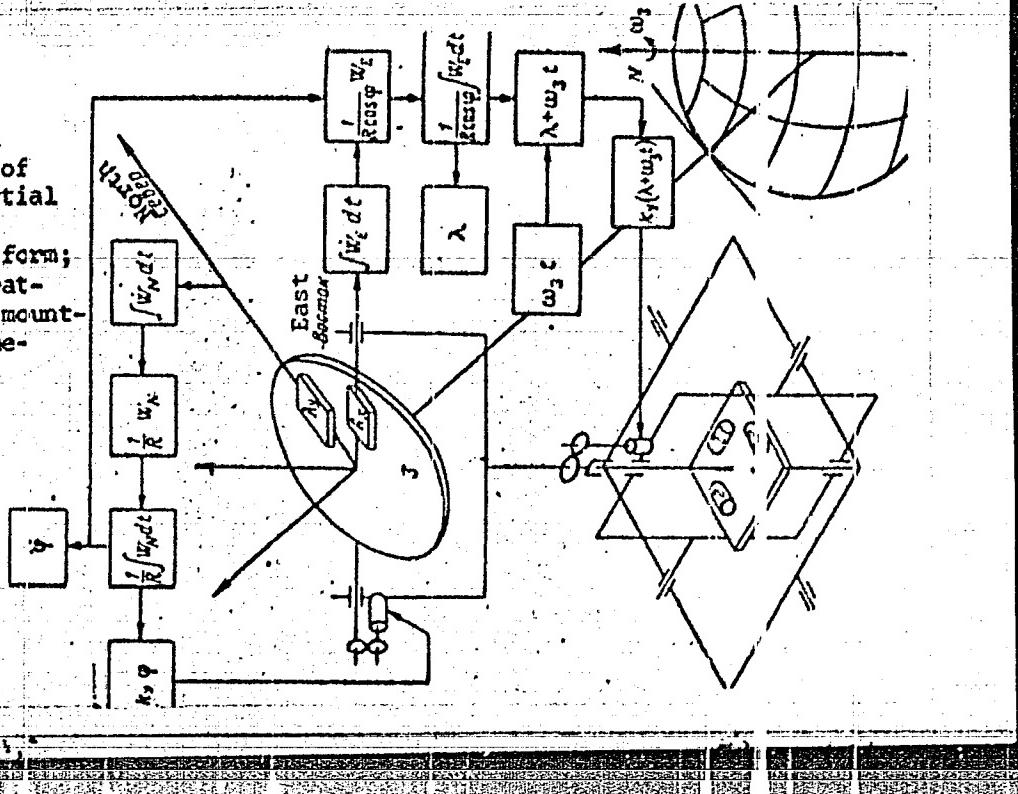
UDC: 629.13 : 527(04)

Card 1/3

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ACC NR: AT5020336

Fig. 1. Principal kinematic diagram of the geometric inertial navigation system:
1--gyroscopic platform; 2--floating integrating gyroscope; 3--mounting with accelerometers.



Card 2/3

L 14947-66

ACC NR: AT5020336

tem parameters. Deriving the differential equations of the system from its kinematic block diagram simplifies their solution and allows one to evaluate the influences of separate dynamic elements in more comprehensive investigations by means of control theory methods. Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 22 formulas.

SUB CODE: 17,22/ SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 000

Card 3/3 *dc*

L 14946-66 EWT(d)/EWT(l)/EWT(m) BC/JD
ACC NR: AT5020340 SOURCE CODE: UR/2535/65/000/1-1/0120/0127

AUTHOR: Vovchenko, N. Ya. (Candidate of technical sciences)
ORG: Moscow Aviation institute (Aviationsionny institut)

TITLE: Characteristics of an integrating accelerometer with velocity feedback 9, 44, 55

SOURCE: Moscow. Aviationsionny institut. Trudy, no. 161, 1965. Sistemy oriyentatsii i navedeniya lataatel'nykh apparatov (Aircraft orientation and guidance systems); sbornik statey, 120-127

TOPIC TAGS: accelerometer, differentiating circuit, inertial navigation equipment

ABSTRACT: An analysis is presented of an integrating accelerometer with derivative feedback involving both the accelerometer and the integrator. The system is analyzed from the point of view of accuracy and to explain the dynamic behavior. Figures 1 and 2 show the two types of integrating accelerometers discussed. The transfer functions for the systems are derived, and expressions for error are presented for both the integrating pendulum and linear integrating accelerometers. The analysis shows that the use of the differentiating element in the feedback loop offers a pro-

UDC: 629.13.05.001.1(04)

Card 1/2

49
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L 14946-66
ACC NR: AT5020340

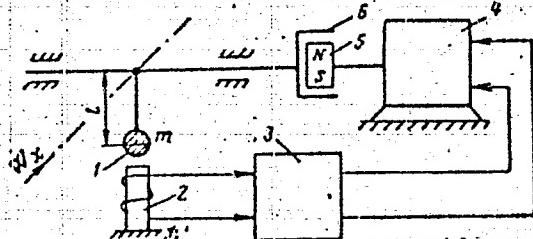


Fig. 1. Block diagram of the integrating pendulum accelerometer; L--inertial mass m ; 2--output error sensor; 3--amplifier; 4--integrating motor; 5--dc magnet; 6--current conducting element.

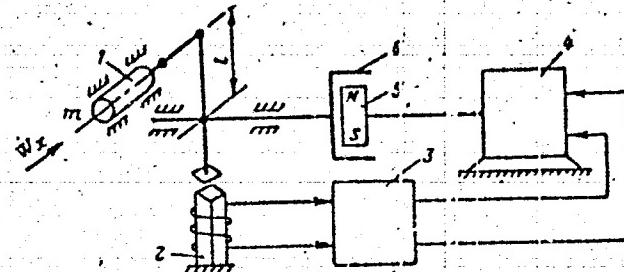


Fig. 2. Block diagram of the linear integrating accelerometer: 1--inertial mass m ; 2--output error sensor; 3--amplifier; 4--integrating motor; 5--permanent magnet; 6--current conducting element.

missing method for increasing the accuracy of measuring velocity by an inertial method. Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 9 formulas.

SUB CODE: 01,17,09/ SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REF: 000

Card 2/2 *Sp*

VOVCHENKO, N.Ya., kand. tekhn. nauk

Designing an inertial navigation system. Trudy MAI no.161:76-85. '65.

Characteristics of an integrating accelerometer with a differentiating
back coupling. Ibid. 120-127 (MIRA 18:9)

VOVCHENKO, O.D.; SHAPRAN, N.S.

New developments in the artistic design of fabrics. Izh. prom.
(MIRA 16:7)
no.2:53-55 Ap-Je '63.

1. Kiyevskiy shelkovyy kombinat.
(Kiev--Textile printing)

DIBROVA, Aleksey Timofeyevich [Dibrova, O.T.], kand.geograf.nauk; DOVCHENKO,
P., red.; VER, A.Ya. [Ver, A.IA.], red.

[Nature and economy of the Ukraine] Pryroda i hospodarstvo
Ukrains'koj RSR. Kyiv, 1958. 54 p. (Tovarystvo dlia poshyrennia
politychnykh i naukovykh znan' Ukrains'koj RSR. Ser.5, no.9)
(Ukraine--Economic conditions) (MIRA 12:3)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110010-2

YEVCHENKO, Pavel Grigor'yevich; RUSAKOVA, G.Ya., red.

[Riddles of the atmospheric elements] Zagadki vozdukhnoi
stikhii. Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1964. 135 p.
(MIRA 17:6)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110010-2"

IL'IN, K.P., kand.tekhn.nauk; PLADIS, F.A., inzh.; ROSTOVSKAYA, Ye.P., inzh.;
VOVCHENKO, P.I., inzh.; Prinimali uchastiye: GORENKO, L.G., inzh.;
SHESTAKOV, Yu.K., inzh.; LABADIN, S.I., inzh., retsenzent;
MALAKHOV, K.N., inzh., retsenzent; PETROVA, V.L., inzh., red.;
BOEROVA, Ye.N., tekhn.red

[Methods of determining freight weight] Sposoby opredeleniya
vosa gruzov. Moskva, Vses.izdatel'skopoligr.ob"edinenie N-va
putei soob., 1961. Il7 p. (Moscow. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-
issledovatel'skiy institut zhelezodorozhного transporta.
Trudy, no.215) (MIRA 15:1)

(Railroads—Freight)
(Weighing machines)

VOVCHENKO, Pavel Grigor'yevich; ZUBKOV, Aleksandr Yemel'yanovich;
POGOSYAN, Kh.P., prof., retsenzent; ZAMORSKIY, A.D., prof.,
retsenzent; PED', D.A., kand.geogr.nauk, retsenzent;
DHEMLYUG, V.V., kand.geogr.nauk, retsenzent; SAGATOVSKIY,
M.V., red.; LAVRENOVA, N.B., tekhn.red.

[A brief course in meteorology and oceanography for ship
navigators] Kratkiy kurs meteorologii i okeanografii dlia
sudovoditelei. Moskva, Izd-vo "Morskoi transport," 1960.
(MIRA 13:?)
359 p.
(Meteorology, Maritime) (Oceanography)

VOVCHENKO, P.G.; PROTSEIKO, V.F.

Organization of observations, collection of information, and
study of dangerous hydrometeorological phenomena in the Northern
Caucasus Hydrometeorological Service Administration. Meteor. i
gidrol. no.3:44-45 Mr '65. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Severo-Kavkazskoye upravleniye gidrometeorologicheskoy sluzhby.

VOVCHENKO, P.I., inzh.; PLADIS, F.A., inzh.

Improvement of weighing operations and equipment is an urgent
need. Zhel. dor. transp. 46 no. 10:30-34 0 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

N/5
727.6
.79

VOVCHENKO, R.

L

Zagotovka i pererabotka produktov zhivotnovodstva
(moloka, ptitsy i. yaits (preparation and processing of
animal husbandry products (milk, fowl, eggs), by) R. L.
Vovchenko i A. V. Trunov. Moskva, Koiz, 1954.

247 P. illus., diagrs., tables.

Bibliographical footnotes.

VOVCHENKO, V., inzh.

An 8 mm. sound motion picture projector. Radio no. 2146-48 F
'63. (MIRA 1612)
(Motion picture projectors)

VOVCHENKO, V.

Synchronous operation of a magnetic tape recorder and motion
picture projector. Radio no. 2:23-26,29 F '60.
(MIRA 13:5)

(Magnetic recorders and recording)
(Motion-picture projection)

VOVCHENKO, V.

Synchronizing techniques for motion-picture films.
Sov. foto 19 no.4:60-61 Ap '59. (MIRA 12:5)
(Motion pictures, Talking)

VOVCHENKO, V.

Film viewing table with a pulse lamp. Sov.foto 20 no.2:
(MIRA 13:7)
39-40 F '60.
(Amateur motion pictures—Equipment and supplies)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110010-2

VOVCHENKO, V.

Sound of an amateur motion-picture film. Sov.foto 19 no.3:64-68
Mr '59. (MIBA 12:4)
(Motion pictures, Talking)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861110010-2"

VORCHENKO, V. G.

Card 5/43

24,6900

2/03/80/09/02/10/013
1006/001

24,6920
Author: V. G. Vorchenko, J. I. Kondratenko, N. D.
Editor: V. G. Vorchenko, J. I. Kondratenko, N. D.

Title: Direct Spectra of Charged Pions Produced in p-p-Collisions

Periodical: Acta Physica Polonica, 1960, Vol. 19, No. 2, pp. 277-294
Text: In the present paper the authors describe the measurements of energy spectra of charged pions produced in p-p and p-n-collisions, and discuss the results of their investigations with the aid of diagrams. By means of a magnetic spectrometer they determined the energy spectra of pions of the reactions $p(p) + p(p) \rightarrow p(p), p(n) \rightarrow n(p), p(n) \rightarrow p(p)$, and $p(p) + n(p) \rightarrow p(p)$. For comparison, the energy spectrum of positive pions produced in free pionization from three different sources was also derived: calculations as to the pion production process and the nature of emission diagrams in the different experiments were conducted with the help of a computer program of the Joint Institute of Nuclear Research (Dubna). Fig. 1 shows the experimental arrangement. Figs. 2 and 3 show the

Direct Spectra of Charged Pions Produced in p-p-Collisions at 660 Mev

2/03/80/09/02/10/013
1006/001

Spectra of pions. By integrating the spectra over the energy (in the center-of-mass system) the differential production cross-sections were found to be $d\sigma/dQ^2 (mb - sr^{-1}) = (6.7 \pm 0.7) \cdot 10^{-26} mb^2/sr^2/steradian$, $d\sigma/dQ^2 (mb - sr^{-1}) = (5.5 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-26} mb^2/steradian$, $d\sigma/dQ^2 (mb - sr^{-1}) = (0.37 \pm 0.05) \cdot 10^{-26} mb^2/steradian$. The differential cross-section for positive pion production in p-n-collisions at 660 Mev (Fig. 2) is close to the value $(6.0 \pm 1.5) \cdot 10^{-26} mb^2/steradian$ obtained by S. S. Kondratenko and O. V. Tarobchenko, but is smaller than the value obtained by A. Warkentin. The ratio of probabilities of positive pions production in collisions of protons with free and bound protons is equal to

Direct Spectra of Charged Pions Produced in p-p-Collisions at 660 Mev

2/03/80/09/02/10/013
1006/001

Ratio $\frac{d\sigma}{dQ^2} (p + p \rightarrow p + p)^2 = 0.73 \pm 0.05$. Generally speaking, this ratio can differ from unity only if the differences between amplitudes of possible non-conserving states is different. It follows from the data obtained that at 660 Mev the ratio of the number of positive pions to that of negative pions from deuteron is equal to 1.0. The investigation under review was submitted to a referee before the 6th Session of the Scientific Council of the Joint Institute of Nuclear Research on June 19, 1959. There were 3 referees, 7 votes, and 10 references; 5 Soviet, 2 American, and 2 British.

Association: Joint Institute of Nuclear Research, Dubna

VOVCHENKO, V.G.; GEL'FER, G.; KUZNETSOV, A.S.; MESHCHERYAKOV, M.I.;
SVYATKOVSKIY, V.

Effect of the nuclear coupling of nucleons on the shape of the
 π^- -meson energy spectra, Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 39
no. 6:1557-1570 D '60. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Ob'yedinenyyi institut yadernykh issledovaniy.
(Mesons) (Nucleons)

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TITLE: Discriminator as a nanosecond pulse splitter

SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 3, 1966, 141-142

TOPIC TAGS: pulse counter, logic circuit, printed circuit

ABSTRACT: A discriminator (nanosecond pulse splitter) circuit, intended for use in time analysis systems, has been developed which is capable of operation in a wide amplitude range of input signals. The circuit consists of a diode limiter, a tunnel diode acting as a shaper, and a 5-transistor pulse splitter. Input and output pulses are of negative polarity. The circuit is printed in a single block as a component in a system of counting modules. Its operating threshold is 100 mv and duration of its output pulses is 6-8 nsec. It permits a two hundred-fold excess of the threshold, i.e., it can handle input pulses of up to 20 v with a 3-20 nsec duration, whereby the duration of output pulses remains practically constant. The dead time of circuit is 20 nsec. The authors thank L. V. Fokina and V. D. Malakhov for aid in the assembly and adjustment of the circuits as well as S. P. Kruglov for interest in the work. Orig. art. has: 3 figures.

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Card 1/1 UDC: 621.374.2

VOVCHENKO, V.G.

Determining the Imaginary part of phase shifts in elastic pp-scattering
at 655 Mev. Dokl. AN SSSR 163 no.6:1348-1351 Ag '65. (MIR 18:8)

1. Fiziko-tehnicheskij institut im. A.F.Ioffe AN SSSR. Submitted
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AUTHORS:

Yovchenko, V. G., Gel'fer, G., Kuznetsov, A. S.,
Meshcheryakov, M. G., Svyatkovskiy, V.

TITLE:

Effect of Nuclear Binding of Nuoleons Upon the Shape of
Pion Energy SpectraPERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1960,
Vol. 39, No. 6(12), pp. 1557-1570

TEXT: A description is given of experiments which were carried out with the aim of obtaining quantitative data on the effect produced by nucleon bindings in deuterons and carbon nuclei upon the production of charged pions. Conclusions are drawn with respect to pion production processes on the basis of comparisons of the energy spectra of pions produced in collisions of protons with free protons and with nucleons bound in deuterons and carbon nuclei. The experiments were conducted in a way ensuring strictly equal conditions in taking the spectra and separating the pp- and pn-collisions. The experiments were carried out on the six-meter synchrocyclotron of the Joint Institute of Nuclear

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Research. For the pp- and pd-collision experiments, thin-walled cylindrical vessels ($4\text{ cm} \times 12\text{ cm}$) filled with liquid hydrogen and deuterium, respectively, were used as targets. The densities were 0.0708 and 0.169 g/cm^3 , respectively. In the experiments with carbon a 3 mm thick, $5 \times 5\text{ cm}^2$ graphite plate was used as target. In the target center, the proton energy in all cases was $(654 \pm 5)\text{ Mev}$, the slowing-down losses in hydrogen and deuterium, respectively, were 1.4 and 1.7 Mev, and in carbon they were 1.9 Mev; the slowing-down losses of the 150-Mev pions were 0.7, 0.8, and 0.5 Mev, respectively. The proton flux in a beam of $2 \times 3\text{ cm}^2$ cross section was $2 \cdot 10^8\text{ p/cm}^2\text{-sec}$. The energy spectra of the charged pions were measured by a magnetic spectrometer with two thin scintillation counters at the input, which was described by L. S. Azhgirey et al. The pion recording threshold was about 35 Mev. The results obtained had, after a number of corrections, which had an error of 7% for the differential cross sections $d^2\sigma/dx_1 E$. The differential elastic pp scattering cross sections at 654 Mev and for 56° in the laboratory system (l.s.) were taken to be $(6.7 \pm 0.35) \cdot 10^{-27}\text{ cm}^2/\text{steradian}$, so that for 120° in c.m.s. the value $(3.41 \pm 0.13) \cdot 10^{-27}\text{ cm}^2/\text{steradian}$ was obtained. The

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difference found to exist in the spectra of mesons from deuterium and carbon is said to be due to the following reasons: a) a higher degree of pair correlation of the nucleons in the carbon nuclei than in deuterons, b) differences in nucleon momentum distribution in these nuclei, and c) effect of secondary pion-nucleon interactions in carbon nuclei. For an angle of $\sim 90^\circ$ in the c.m.s. of the two colliding nucleons, the following ratio of differential cross sections was found:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\omega} [p + p \rightarrow \pi^+]_H : \frac{d\sigma}{d\omega} [p + p \rightarrow \pi^+]_D : \frac{d\sigma}{d\omega} [p + p \rightarrow \pi^+]_C = 1:0.79:0.40.$$

The π^- -meson yields from deuterium and carbon per nucleon of the target nucleus were found to be approximately the same. The $\pi^+ - \pi^-$ -meson yield ratios for deuterium and carbon were found to be 10.3 ± 1.3 and 6.0 ± 0.8 . The decrease of this ratio on the transition from deuterium to carbon is explained by the considerable fraction of secondary exchange interaction ($\pi^0 + n \rightarrow \pi^- + p$) in the π^- -meson yield of carbon. B. S. Neganov, O. V. Savchenko, A. G. Meshkovskiy, Yu. D. Prokoshkin, L. B. Parfenov, and M. S. Kozodayev are mentioned. There are 4 figures.

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3 tables, and 31 references: 14 Soviet, 14 US, 1 CERN, and 2 British.

ASSOCIATION: Ob'yedinennyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy
(Joint Institute of Nuclear Research)

SUBMITTED: July 9, 1960

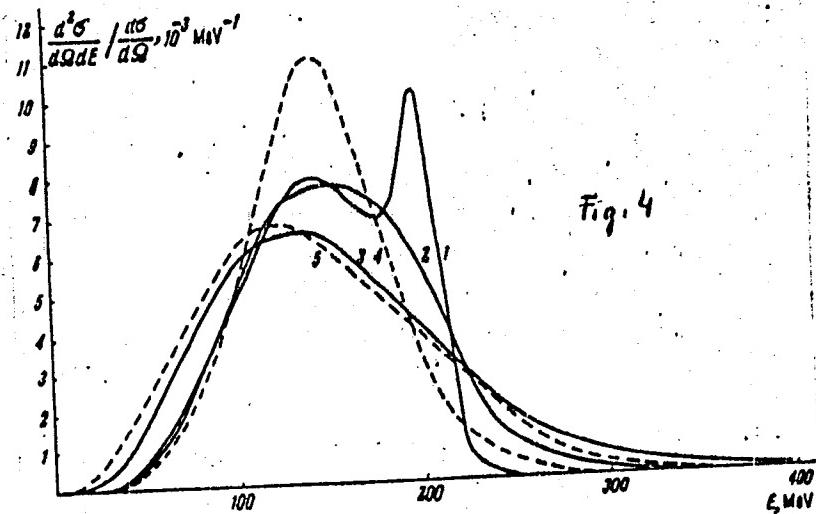
Text to Fig. 4 : Comparison between the energy spectra of the charged pions 1) π^+ -mesons, emitted in free pp collisions. 2) π^+ from $[pp]_D$; 3) π^+ from $[pp]_C$; 4) π^- from $[pn]_D$; 5) π^- from $[pn]_C$. All spectra are normalized on a uniform area.

Text to Table 1: Differential cross sections for charged pions in pp- pd- and pC-collisions at 654 Mev. Angle of observation 56° with respect to the proton beam ($\sim 90^\circ$ in the c.m.s.). 1) Differential cross sections, in $10^{-28} \text{ cm}^2/\text{steradian}$; 2) Process; 3) Nucleons; 4) l.s.; 5) c.m.s.

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Процесс 2	Дифференциальные сечения, $10^{-3} \text{ см}^2/\text{стераид}$			
	$\frac{\partial\sigma}{\partial\omega}, 56^\circ(\text{д.с})$	$\frac{\partial\sigma}{\partial\omega}, 68^\circ(\text{д.с})$	$\frac{\partial\sigma}{\partial\omega}, \sim 80^\circ (\text{с.п.м.})$	$\frac{\partial\sigma}{\partial\omega}, \sim 90^\circ (\text{с.п.м.})$
$p+p \rightarrow \pi^+ + \text{нуклоны}$ 2	$10,2 \pm 1,0$	$0,88 \pm 0,12$	$8,7 \pm 0,7$	$0,57 \pm 0,08$
$p+d \rightarrow \pi^+ + \text{нуклоны}$ 3	$9,1 \pm 0,9$	$5,0 \pm 0,8$	$5,0 \pm 0,8$	$3,2 \pm 0,5$
$p+C \rightarrow \pi^+ + \text{нуклоны}$ 3	$30,2 \pm 3,0$		$19,6 \pm 1,9$	

Tab. 1

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VOVCHENKO, V.I.

Aeronynoptic conditions of the bumpiness of a helicopter on
the Simferopol'-Valta route. Trudy CGO no.171:104-109 '65.
(MIRA 18:9)

1. Meteorologicheskaya stantsiya Simferopol'.